## Analysis of *Rhioxma Curcumae Aeruginosae* Volatiles by Solid-phase Microextraction with Gas Chromatography-Mass Spectrometry

<sup>a</sup> Department of Pharmacy, Fudan University, Shanghai 200032, People's Republic of China. E-mail: glduan@shmu.edu.cn

Yun F. Shaa, Shun Shenb, and Geng L. Duana,\*

E-mail: glduan@shmu.edu.cn

b Department of Chemistry, Fudan University, Shanghai 200433, People's Republic of China

\* Author for correspondence and reprint requests

Z. Naturforsch. **59 c**, 533–537 (2004); February 24/April 1, 2004

In this paper, a headspace solid-phase microextraction (HS-SPME) method was applied to analyse the volatile compounds in a traditional Chinese medicine (TCM), *Rhioxma Curcu*-

to analyse the volatile compounds in a traditional Chinese medicine (TCM), Rhioxma Curcumae Aeruginosae. SPME parameters such as fibers, extraction temperature, extraction time and desorption time were investigated. Thirty-five volatile compounds were separated and identified. Relative standard deviations (RSDs) were less than 8.4%, showing that the method has a good reproducibility. The volatile constituents were also analyzed by steam distillation (SD) and thirty-seven compounds were identified. The similar results obtained by the two methods showed that SPME is a good alternative for the analysis of volatile constituents in Rhioxma Curcumae Aeruginosae samples and it is a relatively simple, rapid and solvent free method.

and solvent-free method.

Key words: Rhioxma Curcumae Aeruginosae Volatiles, Solid-phase Microextraction, Gas Chromatography-Mass Spectrometry